

STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM		
Name of the module/subject Monitoring of hazards for safety		Code 1011101131011149823
Field of study Safety Engineering - Full-time studies - First-	Profile of study (general academic, practical) (brak)	Year /Semester 2 / 3
Elective path/specialty -	Subject offered in: Polish	Course (compulsory, elective) obligatory
Cycle of study: First-cycle studies	Form of study (full-time,part-time) full-time	
No. of hours Lecture: 30 Classes: - Laboratory: - Project/seminars: -	No. of credits 4	
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) (brak)	(university-wide, from another field) (brak)	
Education areas and fields of science and art	ECTS distribution (number and %)	

Responsible for subject / lecturer:

Krzysztof Kubiak
email: krzysztof.kubiak@put.poznan.pl
tel. 61 665 34 05
Faculty of Engineering Management
ul. Strzelecka 11 60-965 Poznań

Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:

1	Knowledge	basic knowledge of techniques
2	Skills	can obtain information from the literature can communicate using various techniques
3	Social competencies	understands the need for learning throughout life

Assumptions and objectives of the course:

- practical introduction to the implementation of the work,
- the transfer of knowledge of building safety hazards, monitoring these risks, methods and techniques to detect, identify and measure risks

Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study

Knowledge:

1. depending advanced familiar force in the discipline - [-K1A_W07]
2. familiar with the concept of discipline - [-K1A_W08]
3. familiar with the phenomenon characteristic of the discipline - [-K1A_W09]
4. know the details according to the applicable within a given discipline - [-K1A_W10]
5. interpretations of familiar characteristic of the discipline - [-K1A_W11]

Skills:

1. able to acquire and interpret information from the literature on safety in construction - [-K1A_U01]
2. able to draw conclusions and formulate and justify opinions in this regard - [-K1A_U08]
3. has preparation required for use in industrial environments and are knowledgeable about the security associated with this work and is able to enforce their use in practice - [-K1A_U11]
4. can make a critical analysis of the methods of operation and assess - in conjunction with safety engineering - the existing facilities - [-K1A_U13]

Social competencies:

- | |
|--|
| 1. understands the need and knows the possibilities of lifelong learning on track - [-K1A_K01] |
| 2. is aware of and understands the importance and impact of non-technical aspects of engineering, including its impact on the environment and the associated responsibility for decisions - [-K1A_K02] |
| 3. able to see the cause-and-effect relationships in achieving the goals set - [-K1A_K04] |
| 4. .. understands the need to provide information on developments in engineering activities - [-K1A_K07] |

Assessment methods of study outcomes

- Evaluation of results of test on the topic of classes
- Individual discussions during the course
- Rating report of build

Course description

1. Issues to be covered:

Detect, identify and evaluate the risks to the safety of fixed (concentrated or distributed), large industrial facilities, public buildings, airports, sea ports.

Specific issues: the concept of a building, object classification, types of hazards buildings, the concept of building disaster, the proposed solutions to reduce disaster risk monitoring - the concept, objectives, types. The bodies responsible for the safety of the construction and operation of buildings.

2. Practical knowledge of building structures: the construction of a large building structure, output common, individual outputs in groups of two-seater for smaller construction.

3. Getting to know the latest trends in these issues - taking part in the International Fair BUDMA.

4. Meeting with the control unit in the building sector (PIP)

Basic bibliography:

1. Ustawa z dnia 7 lipca 1994 r. Prawo budowlane
2. Dyrektywa Rady 92/57/EWG z dnia 24 czerwca 1992 r. w sprawie wprowadzenia w życie minimalnych wymagań w zakresie bezpieczeństwa i ochrony zdrowia w miejscach tymczasowych lub ruchomych budów
3. Diagnostyka, monitoring i modernizacja eksploatowanych obiektów budowlanych, Materiały Konferencyjne 56 Konferencji Naukowej KILIW PAN oraz KN PZITB, Kielce ? Krynica 2010, Trąmpczyński W. [red.], Wydawnictwo Politechniki Świętokrzyskiej, Kielce, 2010

Additional bibliography:

1. Rozporządzenie Ministra Spraw Wewnętrznych i Administracji z dnia 7 czerwca 2010 r. w sprawie ochrony przeciwpożarowej budynków, innych obiektów budowlanych i terenów
2. Andziak J.; Kobus J.; Flis J., Nowoczesne systemy monitorowania zagrożeń korozyjnych, Ochrona przed Korozją, 2000r., nr 12
3. Karsznia K., Geodezyjny i geotechniczny monitoring obiektów inżynierskich w ujęciu dynamicznym. Wykrywanie słabych punktów, Geotechnika, Nowoczesne Budownictwo Inżynierijne nr 4(19), VII-VIII 2008
4. Witakowski P., Zdalne monitorowanie obiektów budowlanych podczas budowy i realizacji, Czasopismo techniczne z.1-Ś/2007r., Wyd. Politechniki Krakowskiej, s.179-189, Biblioteka cyfrowa Politechniki Krakowskiej,

Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)
1. Participation in activities	15
2. Literature studies	8
3. Independent practical activities (watching the selected site)	7
4. Consultation	10
5. Prepare a report from the output of the construction	5
6. Preparation for the test	5

Student's workload

Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	50	4
Contact hours	25	2
Practical activities	15	2